THE REPORT

OF THE

COMMITTEE OF VISITORS, SUPERINTENDENT, AND CHAPLAIN

OF THE

CHESHIRE LUNATIC ASYLUM,

MADE TO THE

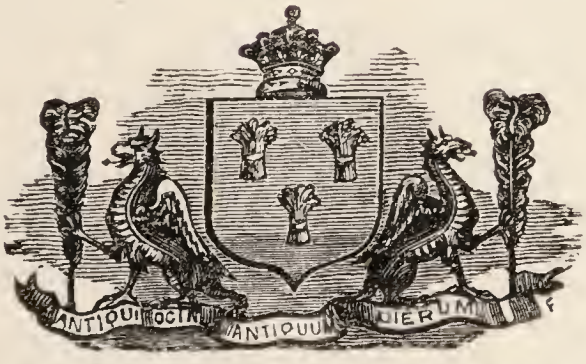
Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace,

HOLDEN AT NETHER KNUTSFORD,

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CHESTER,

ON MONDAY, APRIL 10TH, 1865.

ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND



CHESTER:

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COUNTY LUNATIC ASYLUM.

VISITORS:

THE MARQUESS OF WESTMINSTER, K.G.
EARL GROSVENOR, M.P.
LIEUT-GENERAL THE HONOURABLE SIR EDWARD CUST.
WILLIAM ATKINSON, ESQ.
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ROBERT BARBOUR, ESQ.
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JOHN BOLTON CASE, ESQ.
THE REV. MARK COXON, CLERK.
THOMAS DIXON, ESQ.
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EDWARD FRANCIS FRENCH, ESQ.
EDWARD HOLT GLEGG, ESQ.
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GEORGE HALL LAWRENCE, ESQ.
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THE REPORT

OF

THE COMMITTEE OF VISITORS

OF THE

CHESHIRE COUNTY LUNATIC ASYLUM.

To Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Chester, in General Quarter Sessions assembled.

The Visiting Justices of the Cheshire County Asylum beg to present to the Court of Quarter Sessions the following Report:—

			Males.	*Females.*	*Total.*
On the 31st December, 1863, the numbers in the Asylum were			214	221	435
Admitted since that date			90	86	176
			304	307	611
	Males.	*Females.*			
Discharged during the same period	42	46			
Died	34	30			
			76	76	152
Remaining in the Asylum			228	231	459
Of this number there were chargeable to Parishes in Cheshire			182	193	375
To County Treasurer			13	12	25
To City of Chester			14	17	31
To the County of Stafford			19	8	27
Private Patients			0	1	1
			228	231	459

The number of patients belonging to Cheshire, compared with the previous year, shews a somewhat startling increase of 35, the increase for the last year being 10, the average for the preceding five years being 18.

The Committee, at their Monthly Meeting in September, finding that the female division was more than full, having then 256 inmates, and being capable of accommodating only 250, gave notice to the Authorities of the Stafford County Asylum to remove, as soon as they possibly could, their female patients. Since then, ten of them have been taken away; and it is expected, that in a very short time all the Staffordshire patients, both male and female, will be removed to the new Staffordshire Asylum, now ready for their reception. Supposing, then, the whole of the Staffordshire patients to be removed, and those belonging to the City of Chester continue to be accommodated, there will then remain 209 males and 222 females in the Asylum. But if the increase of the Cheshire patients go on in the same ratio as in the past year, and the City of Chester patients remain as now, in one year the female wards will be filled, and in another the male wards also. It therefore becomes a question for the Court of Quarter Sessions to take into their consideration, and that without much delay, what further accommodation shall be provided for the Pauper Lunatics of the County; and to the consideration of this question the Committee are desirous of calling the especial attention of the Court.

The Overseers of the Township of Upton having assessed the Superintendent's and Chaplain's residences to the Poor Rate, and the Committee being advised that under the 35 sec. of the Lunacy Act, 16 and 17 Vic. cap. 97, such residences were exempt, the case was submitted to the Court of Queen's Bench. The question to be decided was, whether these residences were strictly for the purposes of the Asylum; and the Court decided, that in the case of the Superintendent, he being required by the Lunacy Act to be a resident officer, his house was exempt; but ruled that the Chaplain was liable to be rated, for although the Visitors might have exercised a very proper discretion in requiring him to reside, the Court

did not consider his occupation could be held to be strictly for the purposes of the Asylum, although it was incidental to them.

Mr. Nicholson, the Treasurer to the Asylum, resigned his office in June last, and, at the request of the Committee, Messrs. Dixons and Co. agreed to act as Honorary Treasurers. Mr. James Wakefield has been appointed Auditor of the accounts of the Asylum, at a salary of £10 per annum.

The enlargement of the Recreation Hall, and the domestic offices underneath, for which an order was obtained at the last January Sessions, has been completed for the sum granted, viz., £750. The Hall is now a spacious and well-ventilated room, capable of holding 400 persons; and the Committee trust that by the facilities which it affords for amusement and in-door recreation, especially in the winter season, it may tend materially to contribute to the success of Dr. Brushfield's humane and kind system of treatment of the unfortunate patients committed to his care. The Hall will also be used as a work-room for the female patients, and for several other purposes for which such a room was much needed at the Asylum.

Two years ago, the Committee replaced a dark and dangerous staircase in the male division of the Asylum, by a much more commodious and convenient one, and the advantages thereby gained were so evident, that they have this year made a similar alteration in the female division, at a cost of £198, the said alteration having been moreover strongly recommended to the Committee by the Commissioners in Lunacy. Towards defraying the cost of such alterations, a sum of money invested in Consols, being a legacy left some years ago to the Institution by Mr. Peter Sprout, of Nantwich, has been sold, producing £185 19s. 4d.

A case of small-pox having occurred in the Asylum, from which, no doubt, the patient was suffering when admitted, and application having been made to receive another, suffering from the same disease, the Committee deemed it prudent to pass a Bye-Law, in accordance with 53 sec. cap. 97, 16 and 17 Vic., authorizing the Medical Superintendent to refuse admission to all infectious cases.

The Committee regret to state that they have had, on several occasions, to investigate the conduct of Relieving Officers in bringing patients to the Asylum who have only survived their admission a very short time, and who must have been either in a dying state when leaving home, or whose death had been hastened by the journey. The Coroner of the County has on each of these occasions held an inquest; and by a representation to the Board of Guardians of the Unions who have sent the patients, the Committee have endeavoured to make officers more careful in removing patients in such a critical state.

The satisfaction so frequently expressed by the Committee in their Annual Reports of the efficiency and zeal of the various officers connected with the establishment, may seem almost to be considered a matter of course paragraph; nevertheless they consider it only due to the various officers of the Institution once more to repeat their commendation.

M. COXON,

CHAIRMAN.

COMMISSIONERS IN LUNACY REPORT.

CHESTER COUNTY ASYLUM.

8th February, 1865.

The changes at this Asylum since the last visit are as follows :—

	Males.	*Females.*	*Total.*
Admitted	86	84	170
Discharged	42	45	87
Died	33	25	58

and there are now in the building 227 male, and 236 female patients. There are also three female patients absent on trial, making the total number on the books 466.

Of the patients admitted 5 were found to be not insane. Two of these cases were in the last stage of exhaustion, and died within three days of admission ; the other three were discharged. All these patients were sent from their own homes. Other patients recently admitted have been received in a very feeble state.

Sixty-three of the patients who have been discharged were reported as recovered.

Four male patients were transferred to the Criminal Asylum at Broadmoor. These patients were not reported by the Commissioners as proper to be removed, and their removal seems to have been very undesirable, as they were all quite harmless, and one of them was 78 years of age. Moreover, they were immediately connected with the County, and had frequent opportunities of seeing their friends, a privilege which they have probably now lost for ever. The offence for which they had been convicted was in each case arson.

We have made enquiry as to the causes of death. An inquest was held on the body of a woman who died three days after admission; but it is unnecessary further to advert to this case, as all the particulars have already been before the Commissioners. Paralysis and Phthisis have been the principal causes of death.

To day we only found 4 men and 12 women in bed; but there are a good many patients who are paralytic and feeble, and who are receiving extra diet and stimulants.

We are glad to be enabled again to report very favourably of the condition of the Asylum and its inmates. The wards were clean and properly ventilated, and the beds and bedding in good order. A new staircase has been constructed on the women's side, as suggested at the last visit; and the new Recreation Hall has been completed, and found most useful.

The patients were, without exception, free from excitement, and their clothing and persons clean. We have made the usual enquiries required by the Statute as to their occupations and amusements, and their attendance on Divine Service.

Of the men, 146 are usually employed, 75 working out of doors; and there are 8 tailors and 8 shoemakers, besides about 20 who are occupied in the engineer's, painter's, and carpenter's shops.

The average number of women employed is 177, of whom 103 work at their needle, 20 in the laundry, 13 in the kitchen, &c.

The chapel is attended on Sunday by about 120 patients of each sex, and more than half that number are present at the service on Friday. Prayers are also read daily in the Hall.

With reference to the number of Attendants, we think that in Nos. 2 and 3 in the female division, in each of which there are only two Attendants to 44 patients, that an additional Nurse should be appointed.

There has been no case of restraint, and only one instance of seclusion since the last visit.

The night attendance seems to be very efficient, and the returns for the last night show that only four beds on each side were wetted or soiled.

Much continues to be done to provide amusement and recreation for the inmates—the dances, card parties, and theatrical entertainments are frequent—and we noticed in the wards a great variety of games, and a good supply of books.

We had no complaints from the patients, and it is evident that they are under kind and judicious management, and that the officers devote their best energies to secure their comfort and well-being.

W. G. CAMPBELL, } Commissioners
JAMES WILKES, } in Lunacy.

REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT,

FOR THE YEAR 1864.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I have the honor of submitting to you the Eleventh Annual Medical Report, with the customary Statistical Tables.

The number of patients in the Asylum on January 1st, 1864, was 435. The admissions in the course of the year numbered 176; the discharges amounted to 88, of which 69 were recoveries; and the deaths were 64. So that there remained on the last day of the year 459 inmates, showing an increase of 24 over the corresponding period of 1863.

ADMISSIONS.

The number of admissions in 1864 was greater than during any previous year since the Asylum was opened. Of the 176 patients admitted, 78 were curable cases, being a proportion of 44·3 per cent. In five instances the patients could not be certified to the Commissioners in Lunacy as being insane, although there was but little doubt that symptoms of mental alienation had been exhibited in each case prior to the removal to the Asylum. Amongst the incurables were 13 cases of epilepsy, and 24 of general paralysis. The number of those who had meditated or attempted suicide was 62, being rather more than one-third of the entire admissions.

Table 8 shows that in 78 of the new cases the bodily condition was good or moderate, whilst in 98 it was weakly or bad; a comparison of this with the tables of previous years will show the increasing proportion of this latter class, year by year, and as a necessary sequence, the tendency to decrease the number of recoveries, and increase that of the deaths.

The point of the greatest practical importance connected with this serious augmentation in the number of admissions, and the one which bears directly upon the question that must shortly come before the County as to providing additional accommodation for the insane, is the large increase which has taken place during the last two years in the number of cases chargeable to Cheshire townships. In a former report I stated that the county admissions averaged about 108 annually, between the years 1853 and 1862. In 1863 the number was 19 above that average, and during the past year enlarged to 51, so that although the total number of admissions in 1862 was nearly equal to that of 1864, yet during the latter the number of Cheshire cases was nearly 50 per cent. more than during the former year. The following table will perhaps point this out more clearly.

ADMISSIONS.

	Total Number.	Cheshire Cases only.
1859	119	117
1860	132	115
1861	129	111
1862	175	108
1863	165	127
1864	176	159

This serious increase can scarcely be attributed to any addition to the general population of the county. I believe it will be found to be principally, if not wholly due, to the Poor Law Removal Act of 1862 throwing the expence of the patient's maintenance on the Union fund, instead of its being defrayed as heretofore by the separate Townships, thus offering less inducement for the local officers to detain patients from being sent to the Asylum; and instead of there being any great increase in the number of lunatics and idiots in the county, a larger proportion of them have been admitted into the Asylum instead of remaining in private houses, or Workhouses, as a result of the practical working of the Act referred to.

RECOVERIES.

The percentage number of recoveries, whether calculated on the admissions, or on the total number under treatment, was nearly the same as that of the previous year. It must however be observed, that although this form of calculation is the one usually adopted in the Statistics of English County Asylums, it is far from being correct, as it includes both the incurable as well as the curable class. It is evident that the only correct way is to exclude the former in all calculations upon the proportion of recoveries. At the termination of 1863 there were 27 curable cases remaining in the Asylum, and 78 others were admitted in the course of 1864, making the total number 105, in which there was any reasonable hope of a cure being established; of this number 69 were discharged recovered during the year, being a proportion of 65·6 per cent., whilst of the remaining 36, there were 29 who were likely to become sane. Amongst those who left the Asylum recovered, one had been an inmate for 7 years, and one for 9 years.

RELIEVED AND UNIMPROVED.

Amongst the miscellaneous discharges may be noticed the removal of four of the criminal class to the Government Asylum at Broadmoor, in Berkshire, under a warrant of the Secretary of State. Their removal was at the time a matter of regret, as they had been long resident in the Asylum, and were tolerably harmless. One, aged 79, had been an inmate for 24 years, whilst the others had been resident for the respective periods of 22, 18, and 10 years. The criminal offence in each case was arson.

DEATHS.

The proportion of deaths was rather greater than that of 1863, due mainly to the debilitated condition of a large number at the time of their admission. Of the 64 deaths, no less than 25 had been admitted within the year. In three of these latter cases the patients were in a state of great exhaustion when brought to the Asylum, and died in that condition; one of these survived eleven hours only,

whilst each of the others lived three days. In two of these instances inquests were held, in one of which the jury in their verdict severely censured the parochial officers for removing the patient whilst unfit to bear the fatigue of removal. For the first time for many years the number of deaths amongst the females was nearly as great as that of the males. Amongst those who died were several who had been long resident in the Institution; one had been an inmate for nearly 34 years, and in three other cases the period was more than 20 years. Twenty-five, or nearly 40 per cent., were of the ages of 50 and upwards.

Amongst the causes, general paralysis held the foremost place, although the proportion was somewhat less than the usual average, being one-fourth instead of one-third. Of the 16 deaths from this disease, 15 occurred in male subjects. The number due to pulmonary consumption was 15, an unusually large proportion; the majority from this cause took place in the early part of the year.

The only death calling for special remark was one which took place in January from suicide, in which case the patient, whilst in a sitting posture, placed her head in a loose loop formed of two neckerchiefs suspended from a wood projection in the wall, and by forcing her head forwards produced suffocation. So loose was the loop that her head was lifted through it without trouble, and neither at the time nor up to the time of the funeral did her neck exhibit any symptom of discoloration, nor was the face turgid, and there was such an utter absence of the ordinary appearances of suffocation that her relatives would scarcely believe that death arose from this cause. The case is one which forcibly points out the fact that in patients suffering from acute melancholia, where the vital powers are much enfeebled, an attempt to commit suicide is much more likely to be attended with fatal results, than where the patient is in fair health. Of the various classes of patients none cause so much anxiety to the officers and attendants as those who have a tendency to self destruction, and as about one-third of the entire number of inmates are afflicted in this way, some idea may be gained of the

heavy responsibility incurred by those who have the care and management of the insane. The last previously recorded death from this cause was in 1860.

GENERAL HEALTH.

In March a case of sporadic smallpox occurred in a female patient, and was communicated to a second; and later in the year a female attendant became the subject of the same disease. On each occasion a large dormitory was given up to their use, and in this manner by completely isolating the cases the contagion was at once arrested. All three recovered. These were the only interruptions to the general health that I have to report, but they show the urgent necessity, either of not occupying the whole of the wards to their fullest extent, in case of the return of this or of any other form of contagious or infectious disease; or of erecting a small detached building so as the more effectually to separate from the other patients any who may become the subjects of such diseases. I make a special allusion to this subject, as 1864 was the third consecutive year in which smallpox has fortuitously occurred within the Asylum walls.

STRUCTURAL ALTERATIONS.

The enlargement of the Recreation Hall holds the chief place among the building alterations of the year. It was opened for the first time in December, and has since then been in daily use. Its construction is such that during the day time, it admits of being divided into two rooms, one of which is used for morning prayers, and the other as a sewing room for the females; whilst on the evenings devoted to recreation the entire hall is employed.

Another addition of importance is the new staircase to the female division, similar to the one erected on the male side; so that now not only have the narrow dark and inconvenient staircases been done away with, but all the wards (excepting the two last erected, which are otherwise very well provided in this respect) have two broad staircases easy of access, and available in every emergency that may arise.

EMPLOYMENT AND RECREATION.

I have nothing to add to the statements made in previous reports with regard to either the employment or the recreation of the patients.

CONCLUSION.

In conclusion I must acknowledge the constant and effective assistance rendered me by the various officers in the active management of the Institution.

I remain,

My Lords and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

T. N. BRUSHFIELD, M.D.,
Medical Superintendent.

To the Committee of Visitors
of the Cheshire Lunatic Asylum.

STATISTICAL TABLES.

TABLE I.

Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths, during the Year 1864.

	M.	F.	TOTAL.	M.	F.	TOTAL.
Remaining in the Asylum, Jan. 1st, 1864	214	221	435			
Admitted during the year 1864..	90	86	176			
				304	307	611
Discharged recovered	34	35	69			
Ditto relieved.....	..	1	1			
Ditto unimproved	6	10	16			
Escaped	2	..	2			
Died	34	30	64			
				76	76	152
Remaining in the Asylum, Jan. 1st, 1865	..	..	..	228	231	459

Per centage of recoveries on the numbers under treatment.....	11·29
Ditto ditto admissions during the year	39· 2
Ditto deaths average daily number resident..	13·87
Ditto ditto numbers under treatment	10·47
Average daily number resident during the year	461·36
Greatest number resident at one time.....	487
Least ditto ditto ditto	435

TABLE II.

Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths, relative to the Months of the Year 1864.

	ADMISSIONS.			DISCHARGES. Cured and Relieved.			DEATHS.		
	M.	F.	Qrtrs. of the Year.	M.	F.	Qrtrs. of the Year.	M.	F.	Qrtrs. of the Year.
January	9	6	48	..	4	11	3	4	18
February	4	12		4	..		3	4	
March	9	8		2	1		3	1	
April	6	6	41	3	3	16	1	4	16
May	8	7		2	1		5	2	
June	6	8		3	4		1	3	
July	4	11	46	7	1	19	2	1	6
August	13	5		..	2		1	..	
September	4	9		7	2		2	..	
October	12	7	41	2	5	24	5	3	24
November	8	2		2	8		5	4	
December	7	5		2	5		3	4	
	90	86	176	34	36	70	34	30	64

TABLE III.

Civil State —Admissions.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Single	30	36	66
Married	48	37	85
Widowed	8	12	20
Unknown	4	1	5
	90	86	176

TABLE IV.

Ages at time of Admission.

	Males.	Females.	Total
Between 10 and 20 years	9	5	14
,, 20 ,, 30 ,,	18	23	41
,, 30 ,, 40 ,,	27	17	44
,, 40 ,, 50 ,,	15	21	36
,, 50 ,, 60 ,,	11	12	23
,, 60 ,, 70 ,,	8	6	14
,, 70 ,, 80 ,,	2	2	4
	90	86	176

TABLE V.

Duration of Insanity previous to Admission.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Less than 2 weeks	21	20	41
Between 2 „ and 1 month	10	14	24
„ 1 month „ 3 months	18	9	27
„ 3 months „ 6 „	9	9	18
„ 6 „ „ 12 „	5	12	17
„ 12 „ „ 2 years	5	4	9
„ 2 years „ 5 „	5	2	7
„ 5 „ „ 10 „	2	5	7
From birth	1	1	2
Unknown	14	10	24
	90	86	176

TABLE VI.

Occupations of those Admitted.

MALES.

Blacksmiths	2	Joiners	3
Bleacher	1	Labourers	27
Boatmen	4	Mason	1
Boiler Maker	1	Painter	1
Book-keeper	1	Plasterers	3
Butler	1	Railway Porter	1
Cabinet-maker	1	Saddlers	2
Car Driver	1	Sailor	1
Carter	1	Salt Boilers	2
Clerks	3	Sawyer	1
Clogger	1	Schoolmaster	1
Coach-maker	1	Shoemakers	5
Comedian	1	Soldier	1
Draper	1	Spindle-maker	1
Engineer	1	Tailors	3
Factory Hands	9	Time keeper	1
Felt-maker	1	None or unknown	3
Fisherman	1		
Iron Turner	1		90

TABLE VI—*Continued.*

FEMALES.			
Charwomen	2	Schoolmistresses	2
Domestic Servants	12	Shop Assistants	2
Dressmakers	2	Staymaker	1
Factory Hands	14	Teacher	1
Hawkers	2	Washerwoman	1
Household Duties	29	None or unknown	11
Housekeepers	5		
Nurse	1		86
Pauper	1		

*

TABLE VII.

Religious Persuasion—Admissions.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Church of England	50	51	101
Protestant Dissent	22	18	40
Roman Catholic	13	12	25
None or unknown	5	5	10
	90	86	176

TABLE VIII.

Bodily Condition—Admissions.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Good	9	6	15
Moderate	38	25	63
Weakly	31	39	70
Bad	12	16	28
	90	86	176

TABLE IX.

Form of Mental Disorder—Admissions.

	TOTAL.		COMPLICATIONS.					
			With Epilepsy.		With General Paralysis.		With Suicidal Propensities.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Mania	46	41	5	3	8	1	15	10
Melancholia	19	29	..	..	1	..	12	19
Dementia	17	7	2	..	13	1	4	1
Amentia { Idiocy	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..
Amentia { Imbecility	4	6	1	1	..	..	1	..
Not Insane	3	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
	90	86	9	4	22	2	32	30

TABLE X.

Supposed Cause—Admissions.

MORAL	M.	F.	TOTAL.	M.	F.	TOTAL.
Anxiety	1	1	2			
Death of relatives	1	2	3			
Disappointment in love	..	1	1			
Domestic troubles	3	3	6			
Fright	1	1	2			
Grief from various causes	3	1	4			
Jealousy	..	1	1			
				9	10	19
PHYSICAL.						
Bodily sickness	2	..	2			
Brain fever	2	..	2			
Childbirth	..	5	5			
Epilepsy	1	3	4			
Hereditary	1	3	4			
Injury to head	2	..	2			
Injury by fall	1	..	1			
Intemperance	14	3	17			
Organic disease of brain	2	..	2			
Over study	2	1	3			
Rupture of bloodvessel	1	..	1			
Smallpox	..	1	1			
Typhus fever	..	1	1			
				28	17	45

TABLE X—*Continued.*

Congenital cases.....	..	..	..	1	2	3
Unknown or unassigned	..	..	..	52	57	109
				90	86	176
Hereditary taint ascertained to exist	..	..	..	4	10	14

TABLE XI.

Analysis of Suicidal Cases—Admissions.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Attempted to commit suicide.....	13	14	27
Meditated suicide.....	19	16	35
	32	30	62

TABLE XII.

Suicidal Attempts—Admissions.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
By cutting throat.....	3	1	4
,, drowning.....	3	7	10
,, jumping through window.....	5	1	6
,, poison.....	..	1	1
,, strangulation	1	..	1
,, suffocation	..	1	1
Form of attempt unknown.....	1	3	4
	13	14	27

TABLE XIII.

Duration of Residence of those discharged Cured.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Under 3 months	13	11	24
Between 3 „ and 6 months	9	8	17
„ 6 „ 12 „	6	9	15
„ 12 „ 3 years	4	2	6
„ 3 years & 5 „	2	2	4
Above 5 „	..	3	3
	34	35	69

TABLE XIV.

Causes of Death.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Apoplexy	1	2	3
Cirrhosis	..	2	2
Disease of Heart	1	4	5
Epilepsy	1	2	3
Exhaustion (admitted in that state)	2	1	3
„ after acute mania	3	..	3
„ „ melancholia	1	2	3
General Debility	1	1	2
„ Decay	..	1	1
„ Paralysis	15	1	16
Marasmus	1	..	1
Old Age	1	2	3
Phlegmonous Abscess of Leg	..	1	1
Phthisis	7	8	15
Pleurisy	..	1	1
Strangulated Hernia	..	1	1
Suicide	..	1	1
	34	30	64

TABLE XV.

Ages of Patients who have Died.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Under 20 years	1	..	1
Between 20 ,, and 30 years	1	5	6
,, 30 ,, ,, 40 ,, ...	11	6	17
,, 40 ,, ,, 50 ,, ...	10	5	15
,, 50 ,, ,, 60 ,, ...	4	5	9
,, 60 ,, ,, 70 ,, ...	4	6	10
,, 70 ,, ,, 80 ,, ...	3	3	6
	34	30	64

TABLE XVI.

Duration of Treatment of Patients who have Died.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Under 2 weeks	6	1	7
Between 2 ,, and 1 month	3	..	3
,, 1 month ,, 3 months	5	4	9
,, 3 months ,, 6 ,, ...	3	3	6
,, 6 ,, ,, 12 ,, ...	7	6	13
,, 12 ,, ,, 2 years	1	2	3
,, 2 years ,, 5 ,, ...	5	4	9
,, 5 ,, ,, 10 ,, ...	1	4	5
,, 10 ,, ,, 20 ,, ...	2	3	5
,, 20 ,, ,, 30 ,, ...	1	2	3
Above 30 ,, ...	..	1	1
	34	30	64

TABLE XVII.

Daily Account of the State of the Male Patients

1864.	Thursday, Aug. 4th.		Friday, Aug. 5th.		Saturday, Aug. 6th.	
EMPLOYED.	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.
Working in Land and Garden	77	76	79	84	77	18
Assisting Joiner	1	1	1	1	1	..
,, Engineer	12	12	12	12	9	1
,, Plumber	1	1	1	1	1	..
,, Painter	5	5	5	5	5	..
,, Shoemaker	8	7	8	7	7	..
,, Tailor	5	5	5	5	6	..
,, Bricklayer	2	2	2	2	2	..
,, Mattress Maker	1	1	1	1	1	..
,, in Kitchen	7	7	7	7	8	7
Carrying Coal and Cinders	12	12	8	8	10	..
Cleaning Wards	13	12	14	12	14	10
Clerks in Office	2	2	2	2	2	2
Working as Tinsmith	1	1	1	1	1	..
Total Employed	147	144	146	148	144	38
UNEMPLOYED.						
Excitement with Seclusion	..	..	..	..	..	..
,, without ,, ...	4	4	6	6	8	8
Sick	2	2	1	1	1	1
Quiet	70	74	71	71	73	179
Total Unemployed	76	80	78	78	82	188
Taking exercise beyond Boundaries ..	..	..	..	..	..	16
Admissions..	..	1	..	2	..	..
Deaths and Discharges	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	223	224	224	226	226	226
At Prayers	85	..	84	..	65	..

TABLE XVIII.

Daily Account of the State of the Female Patients.

1864.	Thursday, Aug. 4th.		Friday, Aug. 5th.		Saturday, Aug. 6th.	
EMPLOYED.	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.
Cleaning Wards	26	17	26	18	27	23
Assisting in the Kitchen	15	10	14	10	14	10
,, ,, Laundry..	20	20	20	19	18	18
Making Men's Clothing	..	..	..	..	..	..
Binding Boots and Shoes	..	..	..	..	..	..
Making Hats and Bonnets	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mending Stockings	20	19	22	21	18	20
Knitting and Netting	..	..	..	..	..	..
Sewing and Quilting	96	86	97	111	99	104
Picking Flocks	15	16	16	16	20	20
At the Steward's House	..	..	..	1	1	1
At School	..	27	..	..	..	..
Total Employed	192	195	195	196	197	196
UNEMPLOYED.						
Excitement with Seclusion	..	..	..	..	..	..
,, without ,, ...	15	15	16	16	14	14
Sick..	6	6	6	6	5	5
Quiet	36	33	33	32	34	35
Total Unemployed	57	54	55	54	53	54
Taking exercise beyond Boundaries ..	..	..	..	51	..	..
Admissions..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Deaths and Discharges	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	249	249	250	250	250	250
At Prayers	124	..	84	..	88	..

TABLE XIX.

ARTICLES.	Made.	Repaired.
IN FEMALE WARDS:		
Aprons	459	479
Attendants' Dresses	19	..
Bed Ticks	39	37
Blankets (overcast and marked)	473	79
Bonnets (trimmed)	249	49
Caps (day)	527	442
Caps (night)	86	4
Chemises	603	432
Counterpanes (hemmed and marked)	102	29
Flannel Drawers	100	59
,, Petticoats	264	193
,, Vests	99	50
Iron Holders	129	..
Jackets (linsey)	171	97
,, (print)	186	96
Linsey Dresses	35	2
,, Petticoats	209	164
Mats	4	..
Neckerchiefs	432	37
Pinafores	14	4
Pillow Cases	214	179
Pocket Handkerchiefs	339	21
Print Dresses	6	3
Sheets	349	212
Shirts	405	524
Shrouds	37	..
Stays (pairs)	74	6
Stockings (pairs) marked	876	..
,, ,,	..	1,769
Table Cloths	49	18
,, Covers	52	3
Toilette Covers	37	..
Towels	459	42
Window Blinds	47	..
IN SHOEMAKERS' SHOP:		
Men's Blucher Boots	86	375
,, Slippers	225	244
Women's Boots	75	50
,, Shoes	162	166
IN TAILOR'S SHOP:		
Braces	201	..
Caps	505	..
Jackets	99	554
Suits (Trousers and Vests)	24	56
Trousers	175	973
Vests	132	331
ATTENDANTS' CLOTHING (UNIFORM):		
Jackets	35	61
Trousers	28	113
Vests	26	21

REPORT OF THE CHAPLAIN,

FOR THE YEAR 1864.

County Asylum,

March 21st, 1865.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to state for your information, that the Sunday and Daily Services have been regularly conducted by me during the last year, as usual—two Services in the Church on Sunday, and one Service in the Church on Friday. On the remaining five days of the week, Prayers have been read in the Recreation Hall, a portion of which is now particularly set apart for the purpose. We have an average congregation of about 300 on Sunday, including patients, attendants, and residents. At the Daily Morning Prayers, an average attendance of about 180.

The School continues to afford very satisfactory results, and has increased very much. The Men's Classes, numbering about 29, generally present, with upwards of 30 on the books. The Women's Classes average 30, with about 34 on the books. The School is liked by the patients; and to mention one instance alone of the beneficial effects of it, I may state that one man, who appeared to be little removed from an idiot, and could neither read or write a year ago, wrote a very good letter to his parents a fortnight ago, to which Dr. Brushfield received a reply, stating how much satisfaction it had given them, and expressing their gratitude for the care taken of their son.

I spend some hours most days among the patients with pleasure to myself, and I think gratification to them; and it is a great satisfaction to me, to bear testimony to the good moral conduct of the attendants generally, and their attention to the patients.

I have the honour to remain,

Respectfully yours,

RALPH CONGREVE,

Chaplain.

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE,

Between the 1st day of January, 1864, and the 31st day of December, 1864.

Receipts.		£	s.	d.
To Balance due from Treasurer, 1st January, 1864		1180	2	2
Interest on £210. 16s. 1d. Consols		3	1	4
Sale of ditto at 89⅛ less expenses		187	1	10
One Year's Rent of Land, per Rev. R. Congreave		4		
Banker's Interest		15	16	10
Sale of Farm Produce, viz.:				
Sheep Skins	£7 10 6			
Pigs	55 3 0			
Offal of Cows	3 0 0			
Hay	27 12 9			
Oats	1 9 3			
Wool	6 18 0			
Keep of Pony	13 13 0			
		115	6	6
Sundry Receipts, viz.:				
Rags sold	£5 17 9			
Bones do	5 0 2			
Old Iron do	1 18 0			
Tornean Boards	12 0 0			
Repairs of Officers' Clothing	3 3 3			
Attendants' Fines	0 7 6			
Tar Sold	0 4 6			
		28	11	2
County Treasurer for Building and Repairs		1418	18	11
Maintenance of Patients, viz.:				
Unions and Parishes in Cheshire	£7,633 15 0			
Patients Chargeable to County	595 4 6			
Do. do. other Counties	2,478 16 8			
Private Patients	76 16 0			
Criminal do., paid for by Friends	47 17 7			
		10832	9	9
Carried forward	£	13785	8	6

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE,

Between the 1st day of January, 1864, and the 31st day of December, 1864.

Payments.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Salaries and Wages.						
Officers.						
Superintendent ....at £450 per annum..	450	0	0			
Assistant Medical Officer ..... £120 ditto ..	120	0	0			
Matron..... £80 ditto ..	80	0	0			
Steward ..... £100 ditto ..	100	0	0			
Chaplain ..... £250 ditto ..	250	0	0			
Clerk ..... £110 ditto ..	105	0	0			
Treasurer to June 30. £30 ditto ..	15	0	0			
Schoolmaster ..... £13 ditto ..	13	0	0			
Organist ..... £10 ditto ..	10	0	0			
				1143	0	0
Male Attendants.						
1 Head Attendant at £70 per annum....	70	0	0			
1 Attendant and Wife for separate Male Wards at £50 per annum	50	0	0			
1 Attendant and Wife for Male Infirmary Ward at £33 per annum	32	10	0			
13. Ordinary Attendants from £22 to £35 per annum	327	16	3			
1 Baker Attendant at £35 per annum..	35	0	0			
1 Engineer do.. £67 12s. do. ..	65	0	0			
1 Ditto Assistant £35 do. ..	25	0	0			
1 Gardener do.. £41 12s. do. ..	40	7	4			
1 Joiner do.. £40 do. ..	33	14	0			
1 Plumber do.. £33 do. ..	24	15	0			
1 Shoemakers do.. £30 do. ..	31	1	9			
1 Tailor do.. £35 do. ..	35	0	0			
1 Ditto do. (occasional).....	6	14	0			
				776	18	4
Female Attendants.						
1 Head Attendant at £20 per annum....	20	0	0			
15 Ordinary Attendants from £10 to £17 per annum	180	17	3			
Cook at £16 per annum	16	2	10			
Housemaid £10 do.	9	15	5			
Laundress £16 do.	16	6	4			
				243	1	10
Carried forward.....	.....	....	. £	2163	0	2

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE.

Between the 1*st day of January*, 1864, *and the* 31*st day of December*, 1864.

Receipts.	£	s.	d.
To Amount brought forward	13785	8	6
Carried forward .....£	13785	8	6

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE.

Between the 1st day of January, 1864, and the 31st day of December, 1864.

Payments.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
By Amount brought forward				2163	0	2
Provisions.						
Arrowroot	20	15	0			
Beer, 11,988 gallons at 8⅓d	416	5	0			
Barm	24	15	6			
Butcher's Meat, 44,504 lbs at 5½d and 5¾d.	1054	0	8			
Ditto ditto, 20,586¾ lbs at 7d, and 7½d..	640	3	0			
Butter, 1,891¾ lbs at 14d	110	6	8			
Ditto (salt), 5,806 lbs at 10½d and 11d....	264	2	2			
Buttermilk, 12,312 gallons at 2d	102	12	0			
Cheese, 4,912 lbs at 6d, and 6½d	132	1	0			
Ditto, 170½ lbs at 8d, and 9d	6	6	6			
Chicory, 442 lbs at 8d	14	14	8			
Coffee, 1,767 lbs at 11½d, and 1s	86	10	4			
Currants and Raisins	7	19	6			
Eggs	6	14	0			
Flour, 525 sacks at 27s, 28s, and 31s	817	5	0			
Ditto, 65 do. at 22s, and 25s.....	95	5	0			
Fish and Poultry.....	19	0	5			
Milk, 6,560 gallons at 7½d.....	205	0	0			
Peas	18	11	9			
Rice, 54 cwt. 0 qrs. 14 lbs. at 11s 9d, 13s, and 13s 9d	37	6	0			
Snuff and Tobacco	47	4	0			
Sugar (moist), 110 cwt. 3qrs. 4½ lbs at 37s 4d, 42s, and 46s 8d	238	18	3			
Sugar (Lump), 180 lbs at 6½d	4	17	6			
Spices	39	12	6			
Tea, 1,140¾ lbs at 2s, and 2s 3d	121	9	2			
Ditto, 40 lbs at 3s 6d	7	0	0			
Biscuits	1	16	6			
Confectionery		5	6			
Oatmeal.....	3	2	0			
Potatoes, 905⅔ bushels at 2s 6d, & 2s 10d.	117	0	1	*4660	19	8
Carried forward.....	.....	....	.. £	6823	19	10

* *To arrive at the total consumption of Provisions, there must be added to this Account the value of Provisions, as shown in Farm Account Page 45 value £536 1s. 5d.*

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE.

Between the 1st day of January, 1864, and the 31st day of December, 1864.

Receipts.	£	s.	d.
To Amount brought forward ..... £	13785	8	6
Carried forward ..... £	13785	8	6

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE,

Between the 1*st day of January*, 1864, *and the* 31*st day of December*, 1864.

Payments.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
By Amount brought forward				6823	19	10
Necessaries.						
Coals, 213 tons 10 cwt. 0 qrs. at 9s 3d, 9s 10d, and 10s	162	13	9			
Coals for Gas, 108 tons 2 cwt. 3 qrs, at 11s 11d, 18s 3d, and 19s	76	10	1			
Slack, 691 tons 16 cwt. 2 qrs. at 7s 6d, 7s 9d, and 14s 8d	265	14	9			
Candles and Tallow	16	11	6			
Cotton Waste	9	15	5			
Blacking, Blacklead, &c.	9	9	7			
Gas consumed prior to the erection of works	45	14	6			
Oil	6	5	0			
Soap, 13 lbs at 8d, 70 cwt. at 26s, 26s 6d, and 29s	94	3	8			
Ditto Soft, 13 firkins at 16s, 17s 6d, and 18s 6d	12	14	6			
Starch, Soda, Blue	15	3	6			
Lime for Gas Manufacture	3	4	6			
				718	0	9
Wine, Spirits and Porter.						
Ale, ½ barrel at 60s	1	10	0			
Porter, 15½ barrels at 58s	44	19	0			
Brandy, 85 gallons at 20s 1d	85	10	2			
Gin, 5 gallons at 10s	2	10	0			
Port Wine, 44 gallons at 13s	28	12	0			
Sherry Wine	1	13	0			
				164	14	2
Surgery and Dispensary.						
Drugs				56	2	3
Funerals.						
Coffins, and Interments				73	9	6
Clothing.						
Male Attendants Uniform	96	5	0			
Female ditto ditto	60	2	3			
Calico	33	9	3			
Flannel	78	18	8			
Handkerchiefs	12	18	10			
Hosiery	109	18	6			
Jean	12	14	2			
Linsey	65	6	5			
Materials for Men's Clothing	223	12	0			
Ditto Women's Dresses	65	19	1			
	759	4	2			
Carried forward	.....	....	....	£7836	6	6

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE.

Between the 1*st day of January*, 1864, *and the* 31*st day af December*, 1864.

Receipts.	£	s.	d.
To Amount brought forward	13785	8	6
Carried forward.....£	13785	8	6

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE.

Between the 1st day of January, 1864, and the 31st day of December, 1864.

Payments.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
By Amount brought forward				7836	6	6
Clothing.—*Continued.*						
Brought forward	759	4	2			
Materials for Women's Caps	9	5	5			
Neckerchiefs.....	9	18	0			
Shirting.....	110	0	7			
Shawls	18	13	6			
Tapes, Needles, Cotton, &c.	57	17	4			
Shoes, &c.....	198	14	3			
Aprons	17	9	6			
Bonnets.....	10	0	0			
Linen	12	4	6			
				1203	7	3
Furniture and Bedding.						
Baskets	4	18	9			
Brushes.....	46	8	5			
Carpets	74	6	2			
Chairs, Tables, &c.	121	18	5			
Cleaning Clocks. &c.	1	17	6			
Earthenware.....	47	17	2			
Ironing Blankets and Scourers	7	13	7			
Ironmongery	84	11	6			
Toilet Covers	10	12	1			
Table ditto	21	19	7			
Towelling	15	1	6			
Upholstering	70	5	5			
Window blinds.....	6	1	4			
Blankets	100	14	9			
Canvas for Mattresses.....	40	9	9			
Quilts	34	2	0			
Sheets	114	2	6			
Pillow and other Linen	22	9	9			
Pictures, &c.....	19	0	10			
Ash and Boxwood	1	13	6			
Sewing Machine	12	10	9			
Wire Bird Cages	9	15	0			
Turkey Twill	15	7	6			
Cupboard	2	10	0			
India Rubber Rings	9	14	11			
Damask.....	6	7	10			
				902	10	6
Carried forward	.....	....	....	£9942	4	3

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE.

Between the 1*st day of January*, 1864, *and the* 31*st day of December*, 1864.

Receipts.	£	s.	d.
To Amount brought forward ..... £	13785	8	6
Carried forward ..... £	13785	8	6

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE.

Between the 1st day of January, 1864, and the 31st day of December, 1864

Payments.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
By Amount brought forward				9942	4	3
Building and Repairs.						
Recreation Hall	354	15	6			
New Stair Case	120	0	0			
Chaplain's House	21	16	0			
Gas Works	35	0	3			
Sundries	49	6	3			
				580	18	0
Building and Repairs charged to County Treasurer.						
Insurance	38	17	6			
Recreation Hall	280	0	0			
Gas Works	260	0	0			
Repairs	766	18	5			
Sundry alterations	133	1	0			
				1478	16	11
Garden and Farm.						
Blacksmith	0	15	6			
Bran	1	16	8			
Heifers	70	5	0			
Horse and Machine Hire	11	4	0			
Implements	4	5	8			
Meal	72	12	0			
Manure	15	0	9			
Seeds	12	9	6			
Sheep	52	10	0			
Sheep Shearing, Killing Pigs, &c.	11	2	7			
Trees and Plants	1	18	6			
Straw	80	0	1			
Hurdles	24	15	0			
Veterinary Surgeon	1	2	0			
Ley for Cows	11	4	0			
Potatoes	48	6	0			
Twine	0	17	0			
Insurance	0	7	6			
				420	11	9
Carried forward	.....	.....	... £	12422	10	11

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE.

Between the 1*st day af January,* 1864, *and the* 31*st day of December,* 1864.

Receipts.	£	s.	d.
To Amount brought forward	13785	8	6
£	13785	8	6

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE,

Between the 1st day of January, 1864, and the 31st day of December, 1864.

Payments.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
By Amount brought forward				12422	10	11
Miscellaneous.						
Amusements for Patients	25	15	4			
Books, Periodicals, and Newspapers	50	3	9			
Bank Interest and Commission	31	8	3			
Carriage	4	16	1			
Cleaning Chimneys	11	8	6			
Extra Medical Attendance	2	2	0			
Postage and Carriage of Letters	14	2	6			
Rates and Taxes	51	10	10			
Re-capture of Patients	6	15	6			
Removal of ditto	9	16	5			
Stationery, Printing, and Advertising	50	3	11			
Travelling Expenses	6	15	10			
Spectacle Cases	1	16	0			
Grinding Razors, &c.	0	11	7			
Burial Certificates	0	15	0			
Post Bag	0	14	0			
Gum Arabic	0	2	8			
Twine	0	16	4			
Power of Attorney	1	2	6			
				270	17	0
				12693	7	11
Balance				1092	0	7
			£	13785	8	6

Examined and found correct,

JAMES WAKEFIELD,

Auditor.

21st March, 1865.

E. F. FRENCH,

Chairman.

Balance Sheet for the Year ending 31st December, 1864.

Dr	£	s.	d.	*Cr.*	£	s.	d.
To Balance of Cash this day as per Account current	1092	0	7	By Amounts due to Sundry Tradesmen	1999	2	3
" Amounts due from Unions and Parishes for Maintenance of Patients	2527	3	3	" Balance in favour of the Asylum	1836	1	8
" Amount due from County Treasurer for Repairs of Building	216	0	1				
	£3835	3	11		£3835	3	11

Examined and found correct,

J. E. EDWARDS,
Clerk of the Asylum.

JAMES WAKEFIELD, Auditor.
21st March, 1865.

Cost of Erection of the Chester County Asylum Gas Works.

1863–1864.

DR.

	£	s.	d.
1863.			
Dec. 31st.—To Amount transferred from Maintenance Account	500	0	0
1864.			
Dec. 31st.—To ditto ditto, being Amount received from County Treasurer	260	0	0
,, To ditto to Balance	35	0	3
	£795	0	3

CR.

	£	s.	d.
By Messrs. Porter & Co., Amount of Contract.. ..	585	11	4
,, Ditto, extras	32	18	6
,, Mr. S. Davies, Amount of Contract for Brick-work.	141	0	0
,, Gas Meter	27	0	0
,, Bank Interest and Commission	8	10	5
	£795	0	3

Examined and found correct,
J. WAKEFIELD.
17th March, 1865.

E. F. FRENCH,
Chairman.

THIS MEMORANDUM ACCOUNT IS SIMPLY TO SHOW

MEMORANDUM — GARDEN AND FARM ACCOUNT

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1864—January 1st.						
Value of Stock on hand, as per last Statement, viz.: —						
1 Horse	28	5	11			
55 Pigs	161	10	0			
50 Fowls	3	15	0			
2 Ducks	0	4	0			
Implements	93	5	9			
Farm Produce	142	7	0			
				429	7	8
Cash paid for						
Blacksmith	0	15	6			
Bran	1	16	8			
Heifers	70	5	0			
Horse and Machine Hire	11	4	0			
Implements	4	5	8			
Meal	72	12	0			
Manure	15	0	9			
Seeds	12	9	6			
Sheep	52	10	0			
Sheep Shearing, Killing Pigs, &c.	11	2	7			
Trees and Plants	1	18	6			
Straw	80	0	1			
Hurdles	24	15	0			
Veterinary Surgeon	1	2	0			
Ley for Cows	11	4	0			
Potatoes	48	6	0			
Twine	0	17	0			
Insurance on Farming Stock	0	7	6			
				420	11	9
Value of Pig Wash from Asylum				15	0	0
Balance, which may be taken as a return for Rent on 32 Acres of Land and the labour of Patients employed thereon				212	8	8
				£1077	8	1

THE RESULT OF THE WORKING OF THE FARM.

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1864.

			£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1864—December 31st.								
Value of Stock on hand, viz.:								
1 Horse		£28 5 11						
Less 10 per cent.		2 16 7						
			25	9	4			
51 Pigs	valued at	.. .. ..	107	13	0			
19 Sheep	„	1 0 0	19	0	0			
90 Fowls	„	0 1 6	6	15	0			
Implements	„	93 5 9						
Less 10 per cent.		9 6 7						
			83	19	2			
Implements (new) ..	at	.. .. ..	4	5	8			
10 Tons Hay	„	3 10 0	35	0	0			
70 Bushels Oats ..	„	0 3 3	11	7	6			
170 Pecks Onions ..	„	0 0 9	6	7	6			
1 Ton Turnips	„	.. .. ..	0	8	0			
1 Ton Carrots	„	.. .. ..	0	10	0			
4 Bushels Peas	„	0 5 0	1	0	0			
400 Bushels Potatoes ..	„	0 3 6	70	0	0			
150 Bushels Seed Potatoes	„	.. .. ..	26	5	0			
						398	0	2
By Cash received for								
Sheep Skins	„	.. .. ..	7	10	6			
58 Pigs	„	.. .. ..	55	3	0			
Offal	„	.. .. ..	3	0	0			
7 tons 6 cwt. 3 qrs. Hay	„	3 0 0	22	0	3			
1 „ 5 „ 0 „ ditto	„	4 10 0	5	12	6			
9 Bushels Oats	„	0 3 3	1	9	3			
138 lbs Wool	„	0 1 0	6	18	0			
Keep of Pony	..	.. .. ..	13	13	0			
						115	6	6
By value of Miscellaneous Cartage						28	0	0
Value of Produce supplied to Asylum, and consumed by Patients, &c.:—								
3,081 lbs Pork	at	0 0 5¾	73	16	4			
2,888 lbs ditto	„	0 0 5½	66	3	4			
1,179 lbs Mutton ..	„	0 0 7	34	5	4			
3,598 lbs Beef	„	0 0 6½	97	8	11			
881¼ Bushels Potatoes ..	„	0 3 6	154	4	4½			
Vegetables	..	.. .. ..	98	17	0			
3,618 Eggs	..	.. .. ..	11	6	1½			
						536	1	5
						1077	8	1

Statement of the Estimated Profit on Out-County and Private Patients, and how disposed of from the 1st January to the 31st December, 1864.

	£ s. d.			£ s. d.
To estimated profit on out County and Private Patients, made during the year ending 31st December, 1864, being the difference between the cost of maintenance of such Patients, viz., 8s. 10d., and the amount received on their account, viz., 14s per week.	945 19 4	By Amount expended as follows, viz:—		
		„ New Recreation Hall	£354 15 6	
		„ New Stair Case	120 0 0	
		„ Gas Works	35 0 3	
		„ Alterations at Chaplain's House ..	21 16 0	
		„ Sundry Alterations	49 6 3	
				580 18 0
		Balance applied in reduction of the Rate to the Unions, the cost being 8s. 10d. the charge 8s. 2d.		365 1 4
	£945 19 4			£945 19 4

Average Cost per head per week for 461 Patients.

	£	s.	d.	
Salaries and Wages	0	1	9	655
Provisions	0	3	10	664
Necessaries	0	0	7	189
Wine, Spirits, and Porter	0	0	1	649
Surgery and Dispensary	..	..	..	562
Funeral Expenses	..	..	..	735
Clothing	0	1	0	048
Furniture and Bedding	0	0	9	036
Garden and Farm	0	0	4	210
Miscellaneous	0	0	2	712
	0	8	10	460
Less Produce of Farm, &c. sold	0	0	1	113
	£0	8	9	347